1		Exhibit "B"	DIRECTAL COLORS
2	-		LUMBY SECTION TO Clock of Superior Court
3 4	Michael Willis Chase, Pro Se P.O. Box 4461, Sedona, Arizona 86340		T. PÓCIUS
5	Email: aloha777sedona@gmail.com Phone: (928) 399-9688		
6	Steven Lee McMillan, sui juris		RECEIVED
7	Counsel of Choice Assisting Michael Willis Chase		OCT 2 5 2021
8	2675 W. State Route 89A #1111 Sedona, Arizona 86336		YAVAPAI COUNTY ATTORNEY
9	Email: stevenmemillan@bringtheworl Phone: (520) 921-9146	ldtosource.net	
11	THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	COURT OF THE STA R THE COUNTY OF	
12	STATE OF ARIZONA	)	
13	STATE OF ARRESTA	)	
14	PLAINTIFF,	) CASE NO. V13	00CR201980661
15 16	VS.		TO PRACTICE LAW TRE STATE COURTS.
	Michael Willis Chase of the Chase Family, Principle Creditor	)	
17	For MICHAEL WILLIS	) )	
18	CHASE™	)	
19	ACCUSED	) )	
21   22	October 25, 2021.		
23	Adn	nissions to Practice La	w
24	The state of the s	and Federal District C	
25	¶1. Individual Federal District	t Courts issue admissio	ns to practice to "Attorneys"
26	who voluntarily apply for it.		
27	¶2. The Accused alleges that A	ttorneys who practice in	state and federal courts have
28	both a "Conflict of Allegiance".	and a "Conflict of Inter-	est" for those they represent.

**¶3.** Below you will find a scanned image of the card, which Attorneys *MUST* fill out to apply to be admitted to practice before federal district courts. State courts have a similar card. This Accused has not found a copy of the state form. This card was current as of September 3, 2003 for federal courts.

**¶4.** The card below reveals why Attorneys who practice in state and federal courts have both a "Conflict of Allegiance" and a "Conflict of Interest" for the clients they represent.

# Figure 1: **Front of Petition** for Admission to Practice Card

United States District Court	Petition for
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	Admission to Practice
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(PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF PETITIONER	R) CALIFORNIA STATE BAR NUMBER
nereby petition to be admitted to practice before said cou	rt, and in support of petition state.
n	I was admitted to practice before the Supreme
Court of the State of California, and I am a member in go	od standing of the Bar of the State of Califonia.
have also been admitted to practice in the following cour	rt:
Date: Court	
At regidence address in	
	Phone
A. D. Janes Elman	
Address	
	Phone
AUTHORIZATION TO SEND NOTICES BY FACSIMIL	E TRANSMISSION Fax:
The state of the s	E IT PRICE IN TAX.
By entering your fax number, the Clerk of Court for the	Southern District of California is authorized to
transmit notice of entry of judgment or orders under Fe	d.RCiv.P. 77 and Fed.R.Crim.P.49 by facsimile
transmission in any case where the undersigned appear	ars as attorney in charge. I understand that this
electonic notice will be in lieu of notice by mail.	,
NOTIFY THIS COURT OF ANY CHANGES	SIGNATURE REQUIRED ON DEVERSE

# Figure 2: Back of Petition For Admission to Practice Card

#### OATH

I do solemnly swear or affirm to support the constitution of the United States. That I will bear true faith and allegiance to the government of the United States. That I will maintain respect due to the courts of justice, and judicial officers, and that I will demean myself as an attorney proctor, advocate, solicitor and counselor of this court uprightly. (So help me God.)

I certify that I am a member in good standing of the Bar of the State of California.

	(SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER)
Admiraion May be Unan Oval Mation on	Wisk-out American
Admission way be upon Oral wiotion of	without Appearance
Admission May be Upon Oral Motion or Fee Paid:	without Appearance
	without Appearance

 $\P$ 5. The solemnly sworn oath on the card says the following:

"I do solemnly swear or affirm to support the Constitution of the United States. That I will bear true faith and allegiance to the government of the United States. That I will maintain respect due to the courts of justice, and judicial officers, and that I will <u>DEMEAN</u> myself as an Attorney proctor, advocate, solicitor, and counselor of this court uprightly. (So help me God)

"I certify that I am a member in good standing of the Bar of the State of Arizona."

**¶6.** Notice some oddities about this card: 1. The allegiance of the Attorney is to the "**government** of the United States" instead of the "**We The People**" of the United States", "**We The People**" are the *only* sovereigns that make up the de jure "state", the State of Arizona" within the republican form of government.

"The people of this State, as the successors of its former sovereign, are

entitled to all the rights which formerly belonged to the King by his prerogative. Through the medium of their Legislature they may exercise all the powers which previous to the Revolution could have been exercised either by the King alone, or by him in conjunction with his Parliament; subject only to those restrictions which have been imposed by the Constitution of this State or of the U.S."

[Lansing verses Smith, 21 D. 89. 4 Wendel 9 (1829) (New York)].

¶7. The Attorney "Swears or Affirms" they will "*DEMEAN* myself". Here is the definition of "demean" as a transitive verb, from the 1983 edition of Webster's Ninth Collegiate Dictionary, *Webster's Ninth Collegiate Dictionary*, Merriam Webster, ISBN 0-87779-510-X, page 337:

"demean. Degrade. Debase" [Webster's Ninth Collegiate Dictionary, 1983, page 337].

¶8. Anyone who signs that card is *degraded* and *debased* and *subservient* to the judges and the de facto government, and not "We The People" either collectively or individually.

# What An Honor To "Pay Homage" To Be "Subservient", "Degraded" and "Debased"!

- ¶9. The document talks about maintaining "respect due to the courts of justice, and judicial officers" but mentions **nothing** about **respect** for the inalienable perfect rights guaranteed by the Constitutional for free and independent men and women, their clients, or the proper relation of respect for "We The People"! Attorneys respect is for the courts and judges.
- ¶10. "We The People" are the sovereigns in this republican form of government, respect for judges and courts and the government *must* be exceeded by the allegiance of the Attorney to the true sovereigns, the free and independent flesh and blood Citizens of the States "We The People", who collectively are the de jure "state" in this republican system of government according to the Law of Nations!

# The General Welfare For "We The People" Or The General Welfare For "We The Courts and Judges"?

¶11. A "Citizen", according to the Supreme Court, is someone who is a member of a "nation".

"There cannot be a nation without a people. The very idea of a political community, such as a nation is, implies an [88 U.S. 162, 166] association of persons for the promotion of their general welfare. Each one of the persons associated becomes a member of the nation formed by the association. He owes it allegiance and is entitled to its protection. Allegiance and protection are, in this connection, reciprocal obligations. The one is a compensation for the other; allegiance for protection and protection for allegiance.

"For convenience it has been found necessary to give a name to this membership. The object is to designate by a title the person and the relation he bears to the nation. For this purpose the words 'subject,' 'inhabitant,' and 'citizen' have been used, and the choice between them is sometimes made to depend upon the form of the government. Citizen is now more commonly employed, however, and as it has been considered better suited to the description of one living under a republican government, it was adopted by nearly all of the States upon their separation from Great Britain, and was afterwards adopted in the Articles of Confederation and in the Constitution of the United States. When used in this sense it is understood as conveying the idea of membership of a nation, and nothing more."

[Minor verses Happersett, 88 U.S. 162 (1874)].

Allegiance From "We The People" To The De Jure States Under "The Common Law" OR Allegiance To Admiralty Foreign Law By "We The People" To "The De Facto Courts and Judges"?

¶12. In Title 8 of the United States Code entitled Aliens and Nationality, the concept of membership in the "nation" consisting of the confederation of states called the "United States" is described as a "national". **Title 8 U.S.C. §1101(a)(21)** identifies a "national" of as follows:

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# Title 8 U.S.C. §1101 Definitions

(a) (21) The term "national" means a person **owing permanent allegiance** to a state.

¶13. The definition of the term "citizen", small "c" "citizen of the United States", under federal statutes is different from that in its constitutional sense. Nowhere in federal statutes is the term "citizen" described including "allegiance". "National" is the only term that includes the concept of "allegiance" in *Title 8 U.S.C. §1101(a)(22)* (B), the term "state", which is the object of that allegiance is then defined as follows:

"State. A people permanently occupying a fixed territory bound together by COMMON-LAW HABITS AND CUSTOMS into one body politic exercising, through the medium of an organized government, independent sovereignty and control over all persons and things within its boundaries, capable of making war and peace and of entering into international relations with other communities of the globe. United States verses Kusche, D.C. Cal., 56 F.Supp. 201, 207, 208.

"The organization of social life which exercises sovereign power in behalf of the people. **Delany verses Moralitis**, C.C.A.Md., 136 F.2d 129, 130.

"In its largest sense, a "state" is a body politic or a society of men." Beagle verses Motor Vehicle Acc. Indemnification Corp., 44 Misc.2d 636, 254 N.Y.S.2d 763, 765.

"A body of people occupying a definite territory and politically organized under one government." State ex re. Maisano verses Mitchell, 155 Conn. 256, 231 A.2d 539, 542. A territorial unit with a distinct general body of law. Restatement, Second, Conflicts, §3. Term may refer either to body politic of a nation (e.g. United States) or to an individual government unit of such nation (e.g. Arizona).

The people of a state, in their collective capacity, considered as the party wronged by a criminal deed; the public; as in the title of a cause, "The State of Arizona verses A.B."

[Black's Law Dictionary, Sixth Edition, page 1407].

¶14. "The State of Arizona verses A.B." is the style of process according to the

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# Exhibit "B"

Arizona Constitution. Yet the "STATE OF ARIZONA verses A.B." is the de facto style of process commonly used in violation of the de jure State of Arizona Constitution.

¶15. To have "allegiance" to a "state", such as the de jure "State of Arizona", as a "national" is to have allegiance to the sovereign within the de jure government, which in a republican government is "We The People" collectively and individually as flesh and blood men and women and not necessarily the government or anyone serving in government. This is especially true when the de facto government, such as the one we have now, has gone bad and is *not* representing the sovereign will of "We The People" documented in the Constitution.

¶16. When we have a rebellious government that has strayed from the Constitution, which is its only "de jure" foundation, to become a wicked "de facto" government, the de jure governmental government has been dissolved, then the allegiance we as Citizens have to the de jure Constitution and the men and women, the Founding Fathers, who ordained it *must supersede* "We The People's" allegiance to *the de facto government* that has violated its charter to execute and protect the Constitution and "We The People" who ordained it.

¶17. "We The People", not the de facto government, must always be regarded as the ultimate sovereigns within republican systems of governance, and our allegiance to them individually and collectively as "nationals", or members of the political union, should never be superseded by "We The People's" allegiance to the de facto government or anyone in de facto character in the government. Consequently, the Attorney who signs the Petition for Admission to Practice has a conflict of interest because:

*First*: His allegiance to the de facto "government" and the "judges" exceeds his allegiance to the "state", which is "We The People".

**Second:** If that de facto government is violating the Constitution, as ours presently is, then the Attorneys have to put allegiance to "We The

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**People**" who are the "state" above that to the de facto government as a citizen, in which case, the Attorney thereby risks losing his admission to practice law before the court. When federal Attorneys admitted to practice are up against corrupt judges, here are the kinds of things that such judges say, as a matter of fact, from an actual case of a tax honesty advocate:

"232. At sidebar, the Court tells the defense counsel, "... This is the most improper-- this is the worst conduct I've ever seen of a lawyer, Mr. Stilley. ..." "... (W)e're going to visit this further at length, Mr. Stilley.

The practice of law, sir, is a privilege, especially in Federal Court. You're close to losing that privilege in this court, Mr. Stilley." Page 685.

[SOURCE: Case of Phil Roberts, found in the transcript for the case.]

¶18. The constitutional inalienable perfect rights of "We The People" are nowhere mentioned in the Attorney's oath of allegiance to the state nor federal district courts, and therefore are subordinate to allegiance to the de jure government of "We The People". "We The People's" inalienable perfect rights guaranteed by the de jure Constitutionals state and federal take the front seat to all state and federal Attorneys who must go to the back seat! As a matter of fact, according to the Supreme Court,

there are no constitutional rights on federal property. See *Downes verses Bidwell*, 182 U.S. 244 (1901).

- ¶19. It's more important for the state and federal Attorneys to "<u>DEMEAN</u>" themselves to the de facto state court and John Napper, a federal commissioner called Judge, so that the John Napper is, in effect, an imperial "MONARCH".
- ¶20. The de facto federal and state judiciaries are imperial monarchs. John Napper is "legislating from his bench" using "judge-made law" in the context of supposed Common Law Article III Courts, which are in fact international admiralty maritime summary process military tribunals under international agreement.

- **¶21.** Attorneys, who are admitted to practice before State and Federal Courts, are simply officers and agents of the de facto government, the de jure governmental structure being dissolved as a matter of law.
- ¶22. The government cannot confer the power that "We The People" [Citizens] delegated to the government to any private foreign corporation that is "Dissolution of the Government". This has happened as a matter of law.
- ¶23. That is "We The People's" power the de facto governments are wielding. "We The People" delegated it to them. It is our perfect duty and responsibility to make sure that they maintain the de jure within proper grounds. "We The People's" delegated power is not to be used arbitrarily, capriciously or for despotic purposes. It has and is being used fraudulently!!!

# Congressional Dissolution of the Government! How It Was Done!

- $\P$ 24. Dissolution was pulled off by going outside the country forming an international organization that came in and did what they were told they could  $\underline{NOT}$ t do, Congress did indirectly what they were directly prohibited from doing.
- ¶25. The stated intent and purpose in sworn testimony in from of the U.S. Senate in 1950 was: "Is the United Nations organization requiring the United States and the several states to relinquish their sovereignty?" The answer was, "Yes." Without qualification. This was Congress's own writing.
- ¶26. The U.S. Congress just admitted conspiracy embezzling a 150 million ounces of gold out the de jure Treasury. Congress lifted the gold through Expropriation under Public Law 94-564. All the financial transactions, all the functions of the de jure Treasury passed out of the hands of the United States in 1950 under Reorganization Plan #26. That is Foreign Expropriation under Title 26 Internal Revenue Service. United States Code §1351.

### **Dissolution of the Government Occurred Under**

# John Locke Doctrine – Chapter 19 According To The Law Of Nations.

¶27. The de jure Treasury passed out of the hands of the de jure United States in 1950. It all passed to the Governor of the World Bank and International Monetary Fund. There is no public treasury for the United States of America. The de jure government has been dissolved both state and federal. It not longer exists, it is in name only!

# Political Overthrow, By Foreign AGENTS & Dissolution!

- ¶28. Congressional documents prove sedition, economic overthrow and political overthrow, which dissolved the governmental structure in violation of Title 18-Crimes and Criminal Procedure, United States Code §2385. Advocating overthrow of Government.
- ¶29. Now, "We The People" have gross fraud, negligence, dissolution of the government, insurrection and rebellion and sedition.
- ¶30. Thomas Jefferson was quoted in The Writings Of Thomas Jefferson, by Albeit Ellery Bergh (1907), volume 15 page 331 as stating his grave concern over the bent of the judiciary. The following is what will happen in America he prophesied!

"It has long... been my opinion, and I have never shrunk from its expression, that the germ of dissolution of our Federal Government is in the Constitution of the *Federal Judiciary*; an irresponsible body (for impeachment is scarcely a scarecrow), working like gravity by night and by day, gaining a little today and a little tomorrow, and advancing its noiseless step like a thief over the field of jurisdiction, until all shall be usurped from the states and the Government of all be consolidated into one. To this I am opposed, because when all Government, domestic and foreign, in little and great things, shall be drawn to Washington as the center of all power, it will render powerless the checks provided one Government on another, and will

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become as venal and oppressive as the Government from which we separated.

"It will be as in Europe, where every man must either pike or grudgeon hammer or anvil. Our functionaries, and theirs are wares from the same workshop, made of the same materials and by the same hand. If the states look with apathy on this silent descent of their government into the gulf which is to swallow all, we have only to weep over the human character formed uncontrollable but by a rod and iron, and the blasphemers on man, as incapable of self-government, become his true historians."

- ¶31. The de facto is not there to protect "We The People's" inalienable perfect rights. The de facto allegiance is to a foreign and alien de facto government, not to "We The People" as a member of the body politic. The de facto have a "Conflict of Interest" which requires allegiance by Attorneys.
- ¶32. Thomas Jefferson, one of the Framers of the Constitution and Law Givers, was hardly to be considered as ignorant of the situation which had arisen again in this land, nor, who had and was participating in the same Criminally Insane Behavior.

"One single object, if your proposed code of Laws attains it, will entitle you to the endless gratitude of society: that of RESTRAINING JUDGES FROM USURPING legislation. And with no body of men is this restraint more wanting than with the judges of what is called our general government, but what I call our FOREIGN DEPARTMENT. They are practicing on the Constitution by inferences, analogies, and sophisms as they would ordinary law. They do not seem aware that it is not even a Constitution, formed by a single authority and subject to a single superintendence and control; but that its is a compact of many independent powers, every one of which claims an equal right to understand it, and to require its observance ...

"They imagine they can lead us into a consolidate Government, while their road leads Directly to its dissolution. This member of the Government was first considered as the most harmless and helpless of all its organs.

"But it has proved that the power of declaring what the law is ad libitum, by sapping and mining, slyly and without alarm, the foundations of the constitution, can do what open force would not dare to attempt."

(<u>The Writings Of Thomas Jefferson</u>, Albert Ellery <u>2ergh Ed.</u>, Supra, volume 16, page 113).

- **¶33.** "We The People" demand a remedy. Attorneys are perverting everything so "We The People" *CANNOT* get a remedy! Why? because Attorneys are profiteering from the dissolution of the governmental structure, just like Thomas Jefferson said they would.
- **¶34.** The de facto Attorneys priorities, in descending order, based on their oath:
- ¶35. First. Looking Good. Morality and religion used to be the foundation of our Public Laws and Public Procedures according to the Constitutions the laws of the forum. In the original universities founded in the American colonies such as Princeton and Yale, you had to major in morality, according to the Common Law: subjects in order to become a lawyer, not an Attorney!!! Now, the main focus of law schools is rhetoric, debate, marketing, and English composition and law schools no longer care about morality, according to the Common Law, as the background of their students, who become Attorneys. As long as students pay the \$30,000/year tuition, or much more, the schools simply don't care what kind of ethics their students have. Paper Money i.e. "Bills of Credit", which is a "Silent Weapons for Quiet Warfare" is the new God for Attorneys. Consequently, American law schools have transitioned from teaching obedience to "We The People's" Social Compacts in the de jure Constitutions to foreign concepts NOT to the Common Law of the Land and Forum. Generally, Attorneys have distain for morality, equity, for the Procedural Law that outlined the Amendments to the Constitution. Their motto:

"The secret of success is sincerity. If you can fake that, you've got it made and can laugh all the way to the bank with your stolen loot."

Here is what Yeshua Ben Joseph said on this very subject:

"Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees [lawyers], hypocrites! For you cleanse the outside of the cup and dish, but inside they are full of extortion and selfindulgence. Blind Pharisee; first cleanse the inside of the cup and dish that

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the outside of them may be clean also.

"Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites! For you are like whitewashed tombs, which indeed appear beautiful outwardly, but inside are full of dead men's bones and all uncleanness.

"Even so, you also outwardly appear righteous to men, but inside you are full of hypocrisy and lawlessness." [Matthew 23:25-27, Bible, NKJV].

- **¶36. Second.** The **Judge.** If you piss off a judge, Attorney's lose their admission to practice. Always keep the judge happy, no matter what.
- ¶37. Third. The Government. The oath says that. By "government", we mean the "de facto" government under Public Policy, which is the assembly of corrupt men in power at the moment and how they actually behave, as opposed to how the Public Law and Public Procedural Law in the Amendments to The Constitution says they are supposed to behave. The "de jure" government as described in the Constitutions, both state and federal, defines how these corrupt Attorneys, are supposed to behave, but they don't do so because of financial and personal "Conflicts of Interest" and "Conflict of Allegiance".
- ¶38. Fourth. The Almighty Paper Dollar. Attorney's can't earn a living unless you can practice before the court, which means never saying anything that would embarrass or undermine the financial interests of the judge first, or the de facto government second. After you have brown nosed the judge and the government, the only way to maximize profits is to prolong and extend conflict and the resolution of conflict. Therefore, it is not in the best interests of any Attorney to settle a case or dispute as quickly as possible. He will instead try to maximize conflict to extend the litigation and enlarge his personal profits. This is the only way he can pay off his student loans and make his Mercedes/BMW payments.
- ¶39. Fifth. Attorney's fellow bar members and golf buddies. Attorney's works with other Attorneys every day and they their help in prolonging litigation and

# Exhibit "B"

thereby outsmarting the clients. Sharks, who have mastered "Taker Tricks" look out for each other and don't take more than their fair share during their endless feeding frenzy on ignorant clients. Taking from an ignorant client is like taking candy from a baby!

- ¶40. <u>Sixth</u>. <u>Attorney's client</u>. Attorney's do or say anything necessary to please the client, provided that doing so doesn't conflict with the above higher priorities and is "<u>politically correct</u>".
- **¶41.** Seventh. Censoring the truth for a defendant. Attorneys cardinal rule for their defendants is never let the truth into the courtroom. The weapon in this process is the abuse of the rules of evidence to keep the jury and the judge from hearing the truth about their client.
- ¶42. <u>Eight.</u> Slandering your opponent. Attorneys try to get as much derogatory information into evidence about their opponent as hey can. The best defense is a good offense, and there is nothing more offensive or injurious than the lies that Attorneys tell to juries and judges about their opponent in order to prejudice their opponent and win the case. Win at all costs is the motto.
- **¶43.** *Ninth.* The Constitution. After all the above priorities have been met, Attorneys do whatever they can to satisfy the Constitution, but only as an afterthought.
- ¶44. <u>Tenth</u>. At the bottom of the list are "We The People" the citizens and people of the de jure states, collectively called "steaks on the table by choice and consent."

### Conclusion.

¶45. In conclusion, then, the state and federal Attorneys are financial *mercenaries* and *intellectual whores* of the court. Only a fool would hire an Attorney who would sign the *Petition for Admission to Practice*, because they can't provide representation without conflicting and bad priorities.

# Exhibit "B"

- ¶46. The judges that these corrupted Attorneys work for, are no different. *First* of all, all of them, at one time or another, used to be Attorneys and still are. *Secondly*, instead of being whores of the court, they are whores of the democratic majority, a corrupted legislature, and they are coerced debt collectors for the Federal Reserve and the IRS, which is foreign.
- ¶47. Neither the Federal Reserve <u>NOT</u> the IRS are a part of the de jure U.S. Government, and therefore these corrupted de facto state and federal judges are acting as foreign agents for "foreign principals" in regards to income taxes. The Federal Reserve, in fact, is a private consortium of banks in which Congress received 94% of the net profits of all the Federal Reserve Banks.
- ¶48. The IRS (TheIRS) is a federal corporation out of Puerto Rico in which the de facto U.S. Government owns more than 51% of the capital stock. The law requires these de facto state and federal judges who are acting as such "agents of foreign principals", to register under 18 U.S.C. §219:

# Title 18 United States Code, Part I, Chapter 11, Section 219. Officers and employees acting as agents of foreign principals

- (a) Whoever, being a public official, is or acts as an agent of a foreign principal required to register under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 or a lobbyist required to register under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 in connection with the representation of a foreign entity, as defined in section 3(6) of that Act shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both.
- (b) Nothing in this section shall apply to the employment of any agent of a foreign principal as a special Government employee in any case in which the head of the employing agency certifies that such employment is required in the national interest. A copy of any certification under this paragraph shall be forwarded by the head of such agency to the Attorney General who shall cause the same to be filed with the registration statement and other documents filed by such agent, and made available for public inspection in accordance with section 6 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended.
  - (c) For the purpose of this section "public official" means Member of

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Congress, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner [IRS Commissioner!], either before or after he has qualified, or an officer or employee or person acting for or on behalf of the United States, or any department, agency, or branch of Government thereof, including the District of Columbia, in any official function, under or by authority of any such department, agency, or branch of Government.

**¶49.** None of the de facto state and federal judges are so registered, to the Accused's knowledge and therefore are criminals. Would you want a criminal ruling on your case? Worst yet, these de facto judges are subject to extortion by these foreign organizations by being required to file income tax returns. As de facto officers of the dissolved federal government, as a matter of public law, they are in fact, among the few who actually have an obligation to file tax returns and pay federal income taxes. All income taxes are on activities associated with a "trade or business in the United States", and "trade or business" is defined in 26 U.S.C. §7701(a)(26) as follows:

26 U.S.C. Sec. 7701(a)(26)

"The term 'trade or business' includes the performance of the functions of a public office."

¶50. The Accused has inquired about the allegiance of Judge John Napper. The Accused called the Article III Judges Division of the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts at:

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Administrative Office of the Federal Courts Article III Judges Division

Washington, D.C. 20544 24

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Phone: 202-502-1860

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They told the Accused on the phone that they don't give out copies of judge's oaths and that the federal judiciary is *not* covered under FOIA, that they could **NOT** give

**¶51.** The Article III Judges Division keeps the oaths of all federal judges on file.

us the authority for this. The Accused asked what I would get if I did a FOIA for the oath of a federal judge, and they said they would send out a certificate that the oath is on file, but would not provide a copy of the original oath. I asked the clerk in the above office to read one of the judge's oaths. The judge oath is prescribed in 28 U.S.C. §453 and 5 U.S.C. §3331. The oath that all judges take is a combination of these two code sections and reads as follows, according to the clerk: "I, , do solemnly swear and affirm that I will administer justice without regard to persons and do equal right to the poor and to the rich, and

"I, \_\_\_\_\_, do solemnly swear and affirm that I will administer justice without regard to persons and do equal right to the poor and to the rich, and that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all of the duties incumbent upon me as \_\_\_\_\_ under the Constitution and laws of the United States, and that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies foreign and domestic, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same, and that I take this obligation freely without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter . So help me God."

¶52. Apparently, judges in state and federal courts don't want "We The People" to know where their allegiances are. Does this surprise the Accused? John Napper must be accountable to "We The People" equally accountable to, "We The People", the public at large!

# Filing Fees MUST BE PAID\_ To The Treasurer of the De Jure State of Arizona! NOT to the De Facto STATE OF ARIZONA Treasurer.

¶53. It is the Accused's vision that John Napper will gain the status of a de jure Judge, with tenure during good behavior, being paid in gold and silver coinage according to the 1792 Coinage Act to reinstate the judicial department. The Accused will pay the filing fees and court costs in gold and silver, which must go into the Treasurer of the de jure "State of Arizona" to get the ball rolling to re-instate the de

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jure governmental structure! Not the de facto "STATE OF ARIZONA Treasurer" which is foreign!

### Verification

¶54. Based upon the Accused's truly and sincerely held *religious* education and training, Michael Willis Chase knows that the Word of our Creator prohibits the swearing of any *oath* or *affirmation* or *signing* any paper "*under the penalty of perjury*" as these are *oaths*, prohibited by our Creator as revealed through His *Holy Word*. The Accused quotes the following declared evidence in *Holy Scripture* by the former tax-gather Matthew who was well qualified to produce evidence. He records fully the discourses of Yeshua ben Joseph and declares the following evidence: The Apostle Matthew's testimony in the King James Version: Matthew 5:33-37

"Again, ye have heard that it was to them of old time, Thou shalt <u>NOT</u> forswear thyself, but shall perform unto the Lord thine oaths: But I say unto you, <u>SWEAR NOT AT ALL</u>; neither by the heaven; for it is the throne of God; <u>Nor</u> by the earth; for it is the footstool of his feet; nor by Jerusalem; for it is the city of the great King. Neither shalt thou swear by thy head, because thou canst not make one hair white or black. But let your speech be, Yea, yea; Nay, nay; for whatsoever is more than these is of the evil one."

¶55. I, Michael Willis Chase Declarant, am the identified party in the above entitled "Admissions to Practice Law in De Jure State Courts", to Attorney Judge "JOHN NAPPER<sup>TM</sup>" (alias dictus JOHN NAPPER LLC: D-U-N-S number 839377707) by Asseveration, and know the contents thereof. I declare that the above is correct and certain to the best of my knowledge.

¶56. Michael Willis Chase of the Chase Family, Principal Creditor for MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE<sup>TM</sup> herein declares:

- 1. **THAT** Michael Willis Chase is competent to state to the matters set forth herein.
- 2. **THAT** Michael Willis Chase has personal knowledge of the facts stated herein.

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3. **THAT** all the facts stated herein are correct, and certain to the best of Michael Willis Chase knowledge, are matters of public record, and are admissible as evidence, and if called upon as a witness, Michael Willis Chase will testify to their veracity.

¶57. Based upon Michael Willis Chase of the Chase Family, Principal Creditor for MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE<sup>TM</sup> truly and sincerely held education and training, he knows the Word of Our Creator prohibits the swearing to tell the truth by oath or affirmation or signing any paper as these are oaths prohibited by Scriptural Law. The Accused quotes the following declared evidence in *Scriptural Law* by the former taxgather *Matthew* who was well qualified to produce evidence. He records fully the discourses of Yeshua ben Joseph and declares the following evidence: The Apostle

Matthew's testimony in the King James Version: Matthew 5:33-37

"Again, ye have heard that it was to them of old time, Thou shalt not forswear thyself, but shall perform unto the Lord thine oaths: But I say unto you, Swear not at all; neither by the heaven; for it is the throne of YAHWEH; Nor by the earth; for it is the footstool of his feet; nor by Jerusalem; for it is the city of the great King. Neither shalt thou swear by thy head, because thou canst not make one hair white or black. But let your speech be, Yea, yea; Nay, nay; for whatsoever is more than these is of the evil one."

¶58. Further, the Accused sets forth declared evidence in Scriptural Law by the Apostle James who was well qualified to produce evidence. James, the Apostle and bond-servant of YAHWEH and of Yeshua ben Joseph as witness: James 5:1

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"But above all things, my brethren, swear not, neither by heaven, neither by the earth, nor by any this oath: but let your yea be yea; and your nay, nay; that ye fall not under judgment."

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¶59. The undersigned the Accused does here by declare that the preceding and the following statements are the facts, here by verified as he knows them, and are correct, and certain to the best of his knowledge.

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	Pro Se, Principal	
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Michael Willis Chase, do hereby certify that I hand-delivered an original copy of this correct and complete autographed and sealed instrument titled, "Admissions to Practice Law in De Jure State Courts" dated October 25, 2021 on October 25, 2021, to the YAVAPAI COUNTY COURT CLERK located at, 120 South Cortez Street, Prescott, Arizona 86303. And, I hand-delivered an original copy of this correct and complete autographed and sealed instrument dated October 25, 2021 on October 25, 2021, to the COUNTY OF YAVAPAI PROSECUTORS SHELIA POLK, KENNEDY KLAGGE, STEPHANIE SANKEY, GLEN M. ASAY, GEORGE RODRIGUEZ on behalf of the the Accused, OFFICE located at, 255 East Gurley Street, Prescott, Arizona 86301. Further, I, Michael Willis Chase, do hereby certify that I hand-delivered a file stamped copy of this correct and complete autographed and sealed instrument to the Accused. Who holds the original of said instrument, file-stamped, as Michael Willis Chase's property.

Dated this 25th day of October, 2021.

Autograph:

Michael Willis Chase of the Chase Family,

Pro Se, Principal Creditor for

MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE<sup>TM</sup>, which is a Corporate Identity, a Legal Fiction in all uppercase, a decedent. All rights reserved.

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